



# Outline and timeline for the development of the 10 Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production

17/Dec /07

## I. Introduction:

The Johannesburg Plan of Implementation states that the main objective of the 10-year framework of programmes (10YFP) is to accelerate the shift towards sustainable consumption and production (SCP), thus promoting social and economic development within the carrying capacity of ecosystems by de-linking economic growth from environmental degradation.

After the substantive discussions held at the 3<sup>rd</sup> international expert meeting on the Marrakech Process (June 2007), there was a broad agreement that: “the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on SCP (10YFP) needs to be flexible and applicable to all regions according to their own regional/national priorities and needs. It could therefore be characterized as *a global framework for action*, clarifying the role and responsibilities of the relevant stakeholders in promoting SCP.”<sup>1</sup>

“It was also suggested that the 10YFP could be an instrument to bring together the *demand* for SCP support from countries and regions and the *supply* of technical and financial services from UN Agencies, development cooperation institutions and other partners (business, NGOs, Task Forces, etc) to support the implementation and promotion of SCP initiatives”<sup>2</sup>. The metaphor of a “brokering system” was used to suggest that the 10-Year Framework could facilitate the brokering of capacity building, technical and financial support, and information sharing to support the implementation and promotion of SCP. It was also suggested that a mapping of existing initiatives, programmes and policies is required; this mapping could support the development and implementation of the 10YFP.

## II. The Process to develop the 10YFP

The process for the formulation of the 10YFP from now to 2010 will involve several iterations and includes consultation with key partners and stakeholders in the Marrakech Process:

- a. Consultation with the Advisory Committee of the Marrakech Process (to be established in the 1<sup>st</sup> quarter of 2008).
- b. Regional consultations, including multi-stakeholder forums, will serve as a key mechanism to revise and provide inputs to the development of the 10YFP, ensuring that all regions and stakeholders, governmental and non-governmental, can participate in the design and subsequently be engaged in the development and future implementation of the 10YFP.
- c. Consultations with the Marrakech Task Forces.
- d. Consultations with UN agencies having SCP work programmes and also with development cooperation agencies, both bilateral and multilateral.
- e. Consultation with major group stakeholders, especially SCP experts.

A questionnaire to receive feedback and inputs on the 10YFP is being developed and will be used in all the regional meetings. The first draft of the questionnaire has been developed and was tested at the 4th Regional Meeting on SCP in Latin American and the Caribbean (Sao Paulo, Brazil, 18-19 October 2007). See annex 1.

<sup>1</sup> Co-chairs’ Summary, Report of the 3<sup>rd</sup> International Expert Meeting on SCP, 26-29 June 2007, Stockholm

<sup>2</sup> Ibid.



## Outline and timeline for the development of the 10 Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production

17/Dec /07

### III. Objective of the 10YFP

The main objective of the 10YFP is to be a global framework for action on SCP that countries can endorse and commit to in order to accelerate the shift towards sustainable consumption and production patterns, thus promoting social and economic development within the carrying capacity of ecosystems by de-linking economic growth from environmental degradation (as stated in the JPOI). The main challenge is to provide not only the key programmes of the framework, but also the mechanisms for its implementation (financial support, capacity building, technical assistance). This is the value added of the Marrakech Process; the Process has begun to develop a number of toolkits and methodologies that could support implementation activities. However, more support is needed, especially more political and institutional support. It is important to engage actively the relevant intergovernmental organisations, both international and regional (e.g. World Bank, EC, NAFTA-CEC, NEPAD, MERCOSUR, CARICOM, regional MDBs, etc.) as well as the full spectrum of United Nations agencies (e.g. UNDP, UNIDO, UN HABITAT, UNCTAD, etc) and Regional Commissions.

### IV. Outline of the 10YFP

The graphic 1 below illustrates the proposed outline/scheme for the 10YFP. This outline emerged during the Stockholm discussion, and uses the idea of a “brokering system”, indicating that the 10YFP would link the “supply” of SCP support services (financial support, capacity building, technology support and know how transfer, etc) with the “demand” for SCP services by regions and governments according to their stated needs and priorities.

The next steps to develop the 10YFP are the following:

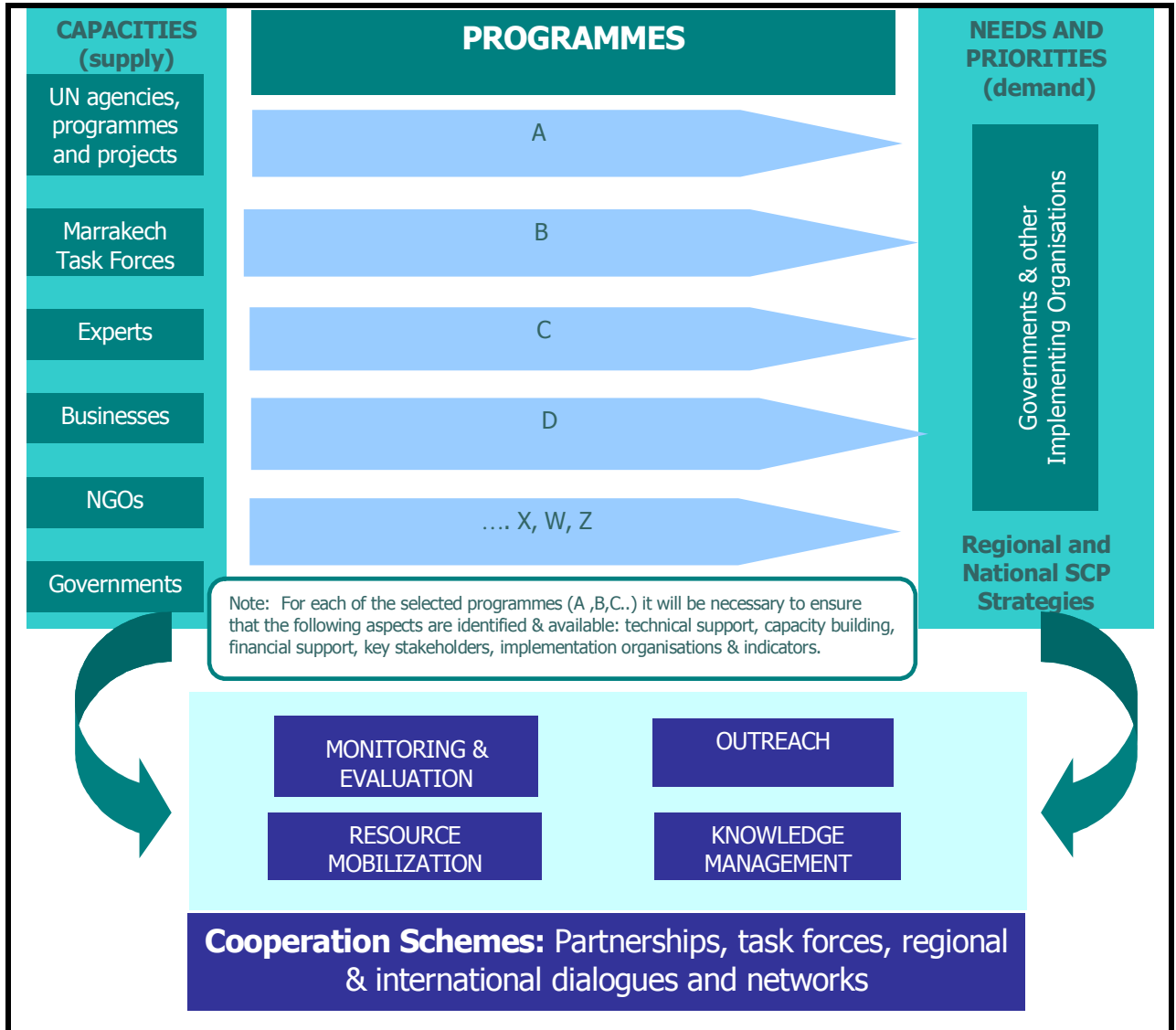
1. Carry out a mapping exercise on the existing **SCP-relevant mandates of UN** agencies,
2. **Carry out a mapping exercise to identify the “supply”** of SCP programmes, capacity building, financial and technical support that is offered by i) UN Agencies, b) regional intergovernmental organizations, c) development agencies, d) business, e) NGOs and other Major Groups, f) Marrakech Task Forces, among other key stakeholders.
3. Develop a **map and expand the database on existing SCP initiatives, programmes and projects** in all the regions (Africa, Asia, Europe, Latin America, North America, West Asia). This will be accomplished by an online questionnaire that will be answered by regional SCP actors, with the support of UNEP Regional offices, UNDESA and other Marrakech Process stakeholders.
4. **Identify the “Demand”** for SCP support by analyzing the existing regional SCP strategies, needs and priorities as identified by the regional consultative meetings and other SCP related initiatives. The results will be reflected in a matrix highlighting the key SCP priorities, initiatives and needs in each region.



# Outline and timeline for the development of the 10 Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production

17/Dec /07

Graphic 1. Outline of the 10YFP



- Based on the analysis of the supply and demand perspectives above, identify and select **the most important and effective SCP programmes that are needed and should be integrated in the 10YFP**. The selection of the programmes should be based on the outcomes of the regional consultations (demand side), considering the key SCP priorities identified by each region. The selection process should also consider the economic, social and environmental relevance, as well as the policy effectiveness of each programme.
- Once the key programmes are selected, it will be important to **identify effective implementation mechanisms for each of the programmes proposed**. In order to ensure



## Outline and timeline for the development of the 10 Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production

17/Dec /07

that the 10YFP is both practical and pragmatic efforts will be made to identify the following elements:

- i. Technical assistance, capacity building and technology support
  - ii. Financial support
  - iii. Important partnerships and cooperation mechanisms active in implementation
  - iv. Key actors that need to be involved
  - v. Lead organizations that could be responsible for coordination of activities
  - vi. SCP indicators to measure progress.
7. **Formalizing cooperation, building partnerships, task forces and networks among stakeholders** (government, business, NGOs, UN agencies, etc): these schemes have the primary objective to support the implementation of concrete activities of the 10YFP through projects, programmes and/or knowledge networks. The Marrakech Task Forces are clear examples of effective mechanisms for cooperation. The cooperation dialogue with development agencies, Business and Industry Forum, and NGO Forum are important mechanisms under the Marrakech Process that could also play an active role as cooperation schemes for the 10YFP. Regional and international networks, initiatives and multi-stakeholder dialogues are also important mechanisms for the exchange of knowledge and know-how, for monitoring progress, and for building more cooperation around the regional SCP strategies and the global 10YFP.
8. Identifying the outreach that will be required for the implementation of the 10YFP, and proposing a **monitoring and evaluation scheme with appropriate indicators** (with regional differentiation) to measure progress in implementation of the overall 10YFP.

### V. Which programmes might comprise the 10YFP?

Based on the outcomes of the regional consultations and international meetings so far, we can identify some key programmes that are important for all regions such as: national SCP action plans, sustainable public procurement, education and sustainable lifestyles, sustainable products and sustainable value chains. A combination of these and other programmes could integrate a broad set of issues in the 10YFP. See the graphic 2 below.

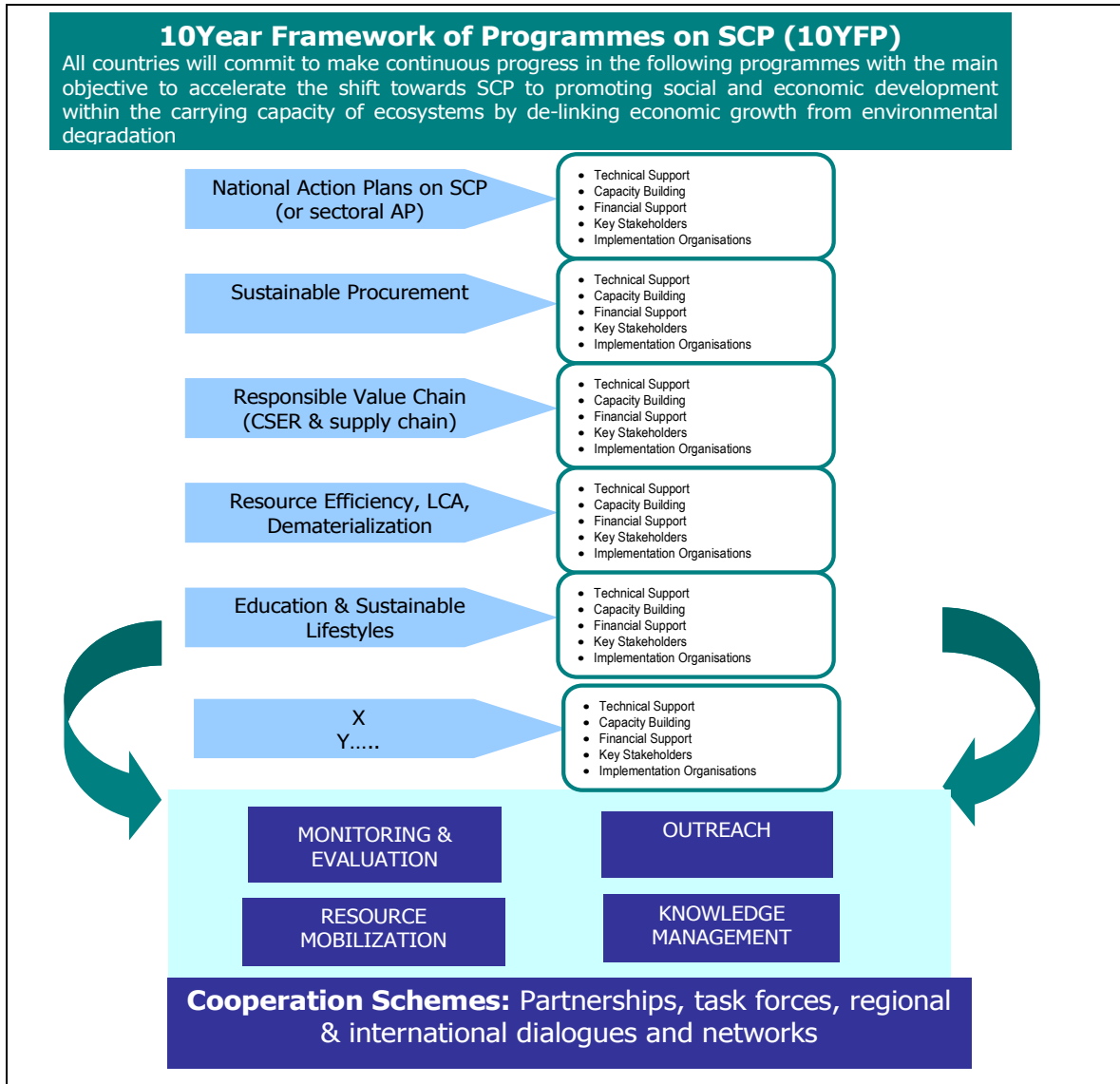
Contingent upon the establishment of these programmes, it will be necessary to incorporate the technical, financial and capacity building support for SCP, to encourage and support the commitment of countries to make continuous progress in accelerating the shift towards SCP thus promoting social and economic development within the carrying capacity of ecosystems by de-linking economic growth from environmental degradation. Countries and major groups might agree to report every 2 years on delivery of these programmes in the 10YFP and progress made on shifting to SCP. A set of indicators has to be identified and agreed upon in order to measure progress in the implementation of the SCP Programmes at national and regional levels. Regional targets might be considered if they have been endorsed by ministerial forums within the regions.



# Outline and timeline for the development of the 10 Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production

17/Dec /07

Graphic 2: programmes might comprise the 10YFP



This can be illustrated using the example of national SCP programmes.

Why National Action Plans?

“SCP action plans could be a cornerstone for achieving progress. Such a plan should, where relevant, be integrated into the national sustainable development strategies, including Poverty Reduction Strategies (PRSs).....” (2<sup>nd</sup> International Expert Meeting on SCP, Costa Rica meeting, September, 2005).”



## Outline and timeline for the development of the 10 Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production

17/Dec /07

The need for national programmes or action plans on SCP has been identified as a priority in the African and Latin American regional SCP strategies. Moreover, a number of countries in all regions have already developed or are developing their own national SCP programmes.

- **Technical assistance, capacity building and technology support available:**
  - The Marrakech Process has developed a manual to support national governments in their efforts to develop, implement and monitor SCP programmes and action plans (developed by UNEP with DEFRA support – tested in 8 countries).
  - Various countries have already developed SCP action plans, which could become the basis for a peer review process
  - SCP should, wherever practicable, be also integrated in the existing strategies (NSSD, PRS).
- **Financial support available:** to be defined
- **Partnerships and key actors:** multi-stakeholders at national level
- **Organization responsible for overall coordination:** national governments
- **Indicators to measure progress:** to be defined by ongoing studies.

### VI. Road Map towards the Commission on Sustainable Development (CSD)

One major goal of the Marrakech Process is to present a solid proposal on the 10YFP at CSD18/19, where it will be negotiated by governments, with participation of all Major Groups in the deliberations.

**The first year of the CSD cycle (2010)** is the review year. The Secretary General's report will focus on a review of progress in the implementation of commitments, targets and goals related to the sustainable development themes under consideration, including sustainable consumption and production. This report will be prepared during summer/fall of 2009.

**The second year of the CSD cycle (2011)** is the policy year. The Secretary General's report will focus on decisions on how to overcome constraints, obstacles and barriers to the implementation process. It is expected that the proposal of the 10YFP will be included in the Secretary General's report, so the **final draft of the 10YFP needs to be ready in summer of 2010**. Negotiations on the 10YFP will begin in February 2011 at an inter-sessional preparatory meeting and conclude in April/May at the CSD.



## Outline and timeline for the development of the 10 Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production

17/Dec /07

### Time Line of the Marrakech Process for Drafts of the 10YFP

Activity	Description and Timeline
Draft Outline 10YFP and regional questionnaire	February 2008 draft outline of the 10YFP and revised regional questionnaire on the 10YFP
Briefings for delegations and major groups	UNHQ April 2008
CSD-16	More integration of the Marrakech Process in CSD activities and reports: MTFs could be registered as partnerships, and could participate in the Partnership Fair, the Learning Center, and Side Events CSD16 – May 2008, Meeting of Advisory Committee
	UN Inter-agency coordination meeting on SCP organized on the margins of CSD-16
<b>First draft 10YFP</b>	May 2008
Regional consultations	
	Latin America & Caribbean, 18-19 October 2007
	West Asia, 1 <sup>st</sup> Q 2008
	Europe, 23-24 June 2008
	African Roundtable on SCP, June 2008
	Asia Pacific Roundtable on SCP, September 2008
	North America, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Q 2008
Business and Industry Meeting.	UN and WBCSD, ICC Business and Industry meeting focused on the Marrakech Process. Summer 2008
Second draft 10YFP with indicative programmes	November 2008
CSD-17	May 2009, Meeting of the Advisory Committee
	UN Inter-agency meeting on SCP organized on the margins of CSD-17
Briefings for delegations and major groups	UNHQ, June 2009 for CSD 18 and the 10YFP
Third draft 10YFP	Summer 2009
4 <sup>th</sup> International Meeting	Marrakech Process International Meeting 2009
Regional Implementation Meetings for CSD-18/19	Fall 2009 in most regions The results of regional consultations, priorities, regional strategies and implementation activities under the Marrakech Process should be brought into the RIM meetings. RIMs will provide an opportunity for Regions to provide feedback on 3 <sup>rd</sup> draft 10YFP
Fourth draft 10YFP	Winter 2009
Briefing for delegations and major groups	February 2010
CSD-18	May 2010 Meeting of Advisory Committee to review 10YFP
	UN Inter-agency meeting on SCP organized on the margins of CSD-18
Final proposal 10YFP	Summer 2010



## Outline and timeline for the development of the 10 Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production

17/Dec /07

<b>Activity</b>	<b>Description and Timeline</b>
Briefing for delegations and major groups	October 2010
Intergovernmental Preparatory Meeting for CSD-19	February 2011, negotiations on the 10YFP begin
CSD-19	Negotiations on the 10YFP conclude and Framework is launched



## Outline and timeline for the development of the 10 Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production

17/Dec /07

### **Annex I: Regional Questionnaire on the 10YFP and outcomes**

This questionnaire was tested at the 4th Regional meeting on SCP in Latin American and the Caribbean, held on 18-19 October 2007.

#### **1. Fourth Session of Working Groups**

##### **Objectives:**

Identify and agree on some key elements that according to the regional context should be reflected in the 10YFP. Participants are also requested to identify the technical assistance, financial and institutional support needed, as well as the cooperation and commitment from key stakeholders that would be required. How can we achieve that?

##### **Key elements to analyse:**

Taking into consideration the information given in the plenary, and the information in Chapter 3 of the background paper which includes the figure of the outline for the 10YFP, participants are requested to analyse the following questions:

#### **SUPPLY**

1. What are the international and regional organisation/institutions working on SCP in your region and/or sub-region?
2. Which countries and/or organisations in your region are working with a Marrakech Task Forces? (see figure 3, page 22 of the background paper).
3. What activities of the Task Forces are priorities for the region? How can we build more cooperation with them?
4. Is there any other SCP priority (sector or programmes) for the region that is (or are) not included in the areas of work of the Task Forces?
5. What are the existing SCP programmes and policies that are being implemented by the governments in the region?
6. What are the existing SCP initiatives being implemented by business and industry?
7. What are the existing SCP projects and initiatives being implemented by NGOs?



## Outline and timeline for the development of the 10 Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production

17/Dec /07

8. Which financial agencies, banks and cooperation agencies are working in the region and could support the regional SCP strategy?

### **PROGRAMMES**

What are the KEY programmes to be included in the 10YFP that could support the implementation of the regional SCP strategy?

Do you consider it important to have any of the programmes listed below in the 10YFP?

- a) Program to support the development of national programmes/action plans on SCP?
- b) Programme to support sustainable public procurement?
- c) Programme on “green supply chain and sustainable products?”
- d) Information on sustainable products?
- e) Education and sustainable lifestyles?
- f) Which other programmes would be important?

For each of the programmes selected above, identify the agencies and stakeholders that could deliver technical assistance, that need to be involved, and the organisation that needs to coordinate the programme:

- a) Technical support and capacity building,
- b) Financial support,
- c) Who are the key actors to be involved,
- d) Organization responsible for overall coordination,
- e) SCP indicators to measure progress.



## Outline and timeline for the development of the 10 Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production

17/Dec /07

### 2. Answers from the Caribbean Region.

#### Supply

1. International and regional institutions working on SCP-related projects: CEHI, UNEP ROLAC, CARICOM, UNIDO, UNDP, Environment Canada/CIDA, OAS, GTZ, IADB, CYEN, GEF
2. Countries in the region working with Marrakech Task Forces: Bahamas (TFST),
3. Activities of MTFs that are priorities for the sub-region: sustainable tourism, buildings and construction, sustainable lifestyles, sustainable public procurement, education for sustainable consumption
4. How to build more cooperation with MTFs: Information sharing and best practices that could be shared with other SIDS, contribution of in-kind resources to attract cooperation of MTFs
5. Other areas: Task Force on waste management (land is a scarce resource in Caribbean); Task force on SMEs; new role for Development Cooperation Dialogue to help finance more SCP projects in collaboration with Caribbean Development Bank and the central banks in the sub-region, as well as CCCU and the off-shore banking community.

<b>Programme</b>	<b>Priority</b>	<b>Key agency</b>
National action programmes	High	UNEP, national focal points, CARICOM
Sustainable public procurement	Medium	TFSP, Commonwealth Assoc. of Planners
Sustainable value chains addressing niche markets	High	UNIDO, WBCSD
Of support for Information clearinghouses on policies, toolkits, etc	High	UNEP, DESA
Education and sustainable lifestyles	High	UNESCO, Universities
Of Support for sustainable buildings with natural disaster prevention	Medium	HABITAT, Carib. Disaster Emergency Response Agency, Carib. Devel.Bank
Of Support for SMEs	High	UNIDO
Of Support for waste management	High	UNDP
Of Support for development of efficient and, where feasible, renewable energy services	High	UNDP, CARICOM
Of Support for efficient water resource management	High	Global Water Partnership, CEHI, EU, IADB, Center for Disease Control